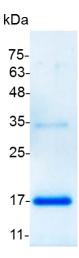


PRODUCT INFORMATION

Activin B, Mouse

Catalog number	C02067-5UG / C02067-20UG / C02067-100UG
Package	5 μg / 20 μg / 100 μg
Description	Activins and inhibins, members of the TGF-beta superfamily, are disulfide-linked dimeric proteins that were originally purified from gonadal fluids as proteins that stimulated or inhibited, respectively, pituitary follicle stimulating hormone (FSH) release. Activin is strongly expressed in wounded skin, and overexpression of activin in epidermis of transgenic mice improves wound healing and enhances scar formation. Activin also regulates the morphogenesis of branching organs such as the prostate, lung, and kidney. There is also evidence showed that lack of activin during development results in neural developmental defects.
Source	Escherichia coli
Sequence	MGLECDGRTSLCCRQQFFIDFRLIGWNDWIIAPTGYYGNYCEGSCPAYLAGVP GSASSFHTAVVNQYRMRGLNPGPVNSCCIPTKLSSMSMLYFDDEYNIVKRDVP NMIVEECGCA with polyhistidine tag at the C-terminus
Endotoxin level	<0.1 EU per 1 µg of the protein by the LAL method.
Activity	Measure by its ability to induce hemoglobin expression in K562 cells. The ED $_{50}$ for this effect is <1 ng/mL.
Purity	>95% as determined by SDS-PAGE.
Form	Lyophilized
Storage Buffer	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of PBS, pH 8.0.
Reconstitution	It is recommended to reconstitute the lyophilized protein in sterile H_2O to a concentration not less than 200 $\mu g/mL$ and incubate the stock solution for at least 20 min to ensure sufficient re-dissolved.
Stability & Storage	This product is stable after storage at: - 20°C for 12 months in lyophilized state from date of receipt. - 20°C or -80°C for 1 month under sterile conditions after reconstitution. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.





SDS-PAGE analysis of recombinant mouse Activin B

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