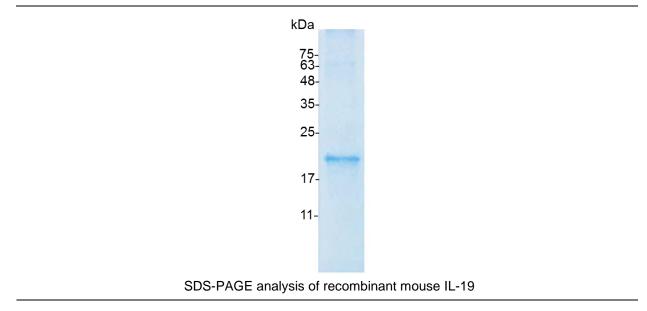


IL-19 (Interleukin-19), Mouse

v. 231101

Catalog number	C02023-5UG / C02023-20UG / C02023-100UG
Package	5 µg / 20 µg / 100 µg
Description	Interleukin 19 (IL-19) is a protein that in humans is encoded by the IL19 gene. This cytokine is found to be preferentially expressed in monocytes. It can bind the interleukin-20 receptor complex and lead to the activation of the signal transducer and activator of transcription 3 (STAT3). A similar cytokine in mouse is reported to up-regulate the expression of IL6 and TNF-alpha and induce apoptosis, which suggests a role of this cytokine in inflammatory responses. Alternatively, spliced transcript variants encoding the distinct isoforms have been described.
Source	Escherichia coli
Sequence	MLRRCLISVDMRLIEKSFHEIKRAMQTKDTFKNVTILSLENLRSIKPGDVCCMTN NLLTFYRDRVFQDHQERSLEVLRRISSIANSFLCVQKSLERCQVHRQCNCSQE ATNATRIIHDNYNQLEVSSAALKSLGELNILLAWIDRNHLETPAA with polyhistidine tag at the C-terminus
Endotoxin level	<0.1 EU per 1 μ g of the protein by the LAL method.
Activity	Measure by its ability to induce proliferation in BaF3 cells transfected with human IL-20 R alpha and human IL-20 R beta. The ED_{50} for this effect is <0.6 ng/mL.
Purity	>98% as determined by SDS-PAGE.
Form	Lyophilized
Storage Buffer	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μ m filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.
Reconstitution	It is recommended to reconstitute the lyophilized protein in sterile H_2O to a concentration not less than 200 μ g/mL and incubate the stock solution for at least 20 min to ensure sufficient re-dissolved.
Stability & Storage	 This product is stable after storage at: -20°C for 12 months in lyophilized state from date of receipt. -20°C or -80°C for 1 month under sterile conditions after reconstitution. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.





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